#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# P-3: Percent Missed Installation Appointments

#### Definition

"Percent missed installation appointments" monitors the reliability of BellSouth commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that the CLEC can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BellSouth. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for Total misses and End User Misses.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- End User Misses on Local Interconnection Trunks

#### **Business Rules**

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of orders with completion dates in the reporting period that are past the original committed due date. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported separately. The first commitment date on the service order that is a missed appointment is the missed appointment code used for calculation whether it is a BellSouth missed appointment or an End User missed appointment. The "due date" is any time on the confirmed due date. Which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments, as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.

#### Calculation

**Percent Missed Installation Appointments** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Report in Categories of <10 lines/circuits ≥ 10 lines/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch/No Dispatch

Report Explanation: The difference between End User MA and Total MA is the result of BellSouth caused misses. Here, Total MA is the total percent of orders missed either by BellSouth or CLEC end user. The End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC or their end user.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)	BellSouth Order Number
Committed Due Date (DD)	Committed Due Date (DD)
Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)	Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)
Status Type	Status Type
Status Notice Date	Status Notice Date
Standard Order Activity	Standard Order Activity
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
<ul> <li>UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> <li>Dispatch Out</li> <li>Non-Dispatch</li> <li>Dispatch In</li> <li>Switch-Based</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Retail Residence and Business</li> <li>Dispatch Out</li> <li>Non-Dispatch</li> <li>Dispatch In</li> <li>Switch-Based</li> </ul>
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
<ul><li>UNE Combo Other</li><li>Dispatch</li><li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN - BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

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#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail



# P-4: Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution

#### **Definition**

The "average completion interval" measure monitors the interval of time it takes BellSouth to provide service for the CLEC or its own customers. The "Order Completion Interval Distribution" provides the percentages of orders completed within certain time periods. This report measures how well BellSouth meets the interval offered to customers on service orders.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D&F) orders (Except "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone)
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)

#### **Business Rules**

The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth issues a FOC or SOCS date time stamp receipt of an order from the CLEC to BellSouth's actual order completion date. This includes all delays for BellSouth's CLEC/End Users. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33-day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on the same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

The interval breakout for UNE and Design is: 0-5 = 0-4.99, 5-10 = 5-9.99, 10-15 = 10-14.99, 15-20 = 15-19.99, 20-25 = 20-24.99, 25-30 = 25-29.99,  $\ge 30 = 30$  and greater.

#### Calculation

#### Completion Interval = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date
- b = Order Issue Date

#### Average Completion Interval = $(c \div d)$

- c = Sum of all Completion Intervals
- d = Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### Order Completion Interval Distribution (for each interval) = $(e \div f) \times 100$

- e = Service Orders Completed in "X" days
- f = Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,3,4,5,5+
- UNE and Design reported in day intervals =0-5,5-10,10-15,15-20,20-25,25-30,> 30
- All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- ISDN Orders included in Non-Design

P-4: Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Company Name</li> <li>Order Number (PON)</li> <li>Application Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>Application Date &amp; Time</li> <li>Order Completion Date &amp; Time</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
• Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch Out - Non-Dispatch - Dispatch In - Switch-Based	Retail Residence and Business     Dispatch Out     Non-Dispatch     Dispatch In     Switch-Based
• UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)



SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) without conditioning	• 7 Days
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) with conditioning	• 14 Days
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
UNE xDSL without conditioning	• 7 Days
UNE xDSL with conditioning	• 14 Days
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

# P-5: Average Completion Notice Interval

#### **Definitions**

The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BellSouth reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Cancelled Service Orders
- · Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D&F orders (Exception: "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone)

#### **Business Rules**

Measurement on interval of completion date and time entered by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM start time on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BellSouth of the completion status. The field technician notifies the CLEC the work was complete and then he/she enters the completion time stamp information in his/her computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order.

The start time for all orders is the completion stamp either by the field technician or the 5PM due date stamp; the end time for mechanized orders is the time stamp the notice was transmitted to the CLEC interface (LENS, EDI, OR TAG). For non-mechanized orders the end timestamp will be timestamp of order update to C-SOTS system.

#### Calculation

#### **Completion Notice Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Notice of Completion
- b = Date and Time of Work Completion

#### Average Completion Notice Interval = $c \div d$

- c = Sum of all Completion Notice Intervals
- d = Number of Orders with Notice of Completion in Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- · Mechanized Orders
- · Non-Mechanized Orders
- Reporting intervals in Hours; 0,1-2,2-4,4-8,8-12,12-24, ≥ 24 plus Overall Average Hour Interval (The categories are inclusive of these time intervals: 0-1 = 0.99; 1-2 = 1-1.99; 2-4 = 2-3.99, etc.)
- Reported in categories of <10 line / circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)	BellSouth Order Number (so_nbr)
Work Completion Date (cmpltn_dt)	Work Completion Date (cmpltn_dt)
Work Completion Time	Work Completion Time
Completion Notice Availability Date	Completion Notice Availability Date
Completion Notice Availability Time	Completion Notice Availability Time
Service Type	Service Type
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	<b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non-Design     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
UNE Loop + Port Combinations     Dispatch Out     Non-Dispatch     Dispatch In     Switch-Based	Retail Residence and Business     Dispatch Out     Non-Dispatch     Dispatch In     Switch-Based
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)



SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including  Biggst 1 Biggst 1 L. L.)  Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Concept Biggst 1 L. L.)  Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Concept Biggst 1 L. L.)  Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Concept Biggst 1 L. L.)  Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Biggst 1 L. L.)  Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Biggst 1 L. L.)  Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Biggst 1 L. L.)  Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Biggst 1 L. L.)  Retail Residence (Including Biggst 1 L. L.)
- Dispatch	Dispatch Out and Dispatch In) - Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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# P-6: % Completions/Attempts without Notice or < 24 hours Notice

#### **Definition**

This Report measures the interval from the FOC end timestamp on the LSR until 5:00 P.M. on the original committed due date of a service order. The purpose of this measure is to report if BellSouth is returning a FOC to the CLEC in time for the CLEC to notify their customer of the scheduled date.

#### **Exclusions**

"0" dated orders or any request where the subscriber requested an earlier due date of < 24 hours prior to the original commitment date, or any LSR received < 24 hours prior to the original commitment date.

#### **Business Rules**

#### For CLEC Results:

Calculation would exclude any successful or unsuccessful service delivery where the CLEC was informed at least 24 hours in advance. BellSouth may also exclude from calculation any LSRs received from the requesting CLEC with less than 24 hour notice prior to the commitment date.

#### For BellSouth Results:

BellSouth does not provide a FOC to its retail customers.

#### Calculation

Percent Completions or Attempts without Notice or with Less Than 24 Hours Notice =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Completion Dispatches (Successful and Unsuccessful) With No FOC or FOC Received < 24 Hours of original Committed Due
- b = All Completions

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- Dispatch /Non-Dispatch
- Total Orders FOC < 24 Hours
- Total Completed Service Orders
- % FOC < 24 Hours

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Committed Due Date (DD)	Not Applicable
FOC End Timestamp	
Report Month	
CLEC Order Number and PON	
Geographic Scope	
- State / Region	

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# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Diagnostic
Resale Business	
Resale Design	
Resale PBX	
Resale Centrex	
Resale ISDN	
• LNP (Standalone)	
• INP (Standalone)	
2W Analog Loop Design	
2W Analog Loop-Non-Design	
2W Analog Loop w/LNP - Design	
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP- Non-Design	
2W Analog Loop w/INP-Design	
2W Analog Loop w/INP-Non-Design	
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	
UNE Digital Loop >=DS1	
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	
UNE Switch ports	
UNE Combo Other	
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	
• UNE ISDN	
UNE Line Sharing	
• UNE Other Design	
UNE Other Non -Design	
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	
Local Interconnection Trunks	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# P-7: Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval

#### Definition

This report measures the average time it takes BellSouth to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BellSouth switch and cross connect it to CLEC equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with INP and with LNP, and where the CLEC has requested BellSouth to provide a coordinated cut over.

#### **Exclusions**

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.

#### **Business Rules**

When the service order includes INP, the interval includes the total time for the cut over including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. When the service order includes LNP, the interval only includes the total time for the cut over (the port of the number is controlled by the CLEC). The interval is calculated for the entire cut over time for the service order and then divided by items worked in that time to give the average per-item interval for each service order.

#### Calculation

#### **Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval = (a - b)**

- a = Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop
- b = Disconnection Date and Time of an Coordinated Unbundled Loop

#### **Percent Coordinated Customer Conversions** (for each interval) = $(c \div d) \times 100$

- c = Total number of Coordinated Customer Conversions for each interval
- d = Total Number of Unbundled Loop with Coordinated Conversions (items) for the reporting period

#### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- The interval breakout is 0.5 = 0.4.99, 5.15 = 5.14.99,  $\ge 15 = 15$  and greater, plus Overall Average Interval.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	No BellSouth Analog Exists
CLEC Order Number	
Committed Due Date (DD)	
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
Cut over Start Time	
Cut over Completion Time	
Portability Start and Completion Times (INP orders)	
Total Conversions (Items)	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header	
found in the raw data file.	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
Unbundled Loops with INP/LNP	• 95% ≤ 15 minutes
Unbundled Loops without INP/LNP	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Unbundled Loops	• 95% ≤ 15 minutes



#### **Definition**

This category measures whether BellSouth begins the cut over of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. It measures the percentage of orders where the cut begins within 15 minutes of the requested start time of the order and the average interval.

#### **Exclusions**

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays caused by the CLEC
- · Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.
- All unbundled loops on multiple loop orders after the first loop.

#### **Business Rules**

This report measures whether BellSouth begins the cut over of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. The cut is considered on time if it starts 15 minutes before or after the requested start time. Using the scheduled time and the actual cut over start time, the measurement will calculate the percent within interval and the average interval. If a cut involves multiple lines, the cut will be considered "on time" if the first line is cut within the interval.  $\leq$  15 minutes includes intervals that began 15:00 minutes or less before the scheduled cut time and cuts that began 15 minutes or less after the scheduled cut time; >15 minutes,  $\leq$ 30 minutes includes cuts within 15:00 – 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time; >30 minutes includes cuts greater than 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time.

#### Calculation

% within Interval =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the interval
- b = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period

Interval = (c - d)

- c = Scheduled Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order
- d = Actual Start Date and Time of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order

Average Interval =  $(e \div f)$ 

- · Sum of all Intervals
- Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period.

#### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate

Reported in intervals of early, on time and late cuts %≤ 15 minutes; %>15 minutes, ≤30 minutes; %>30 minutes, plus Overall Average Interval

# P-7A: Coordinated Customer Conversions - Hot Cut Timeliness% Within Interval and Average Interval

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	No BellSouth Analog exists
CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)	-
Committed Due Date (DD)	
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
Cut over Scheduled Start Time	
Cut over Actual Start Time	
Total Conversions Orders	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
Product Reporting Level     SL1 Time Specific     SL1 Non-Time Specific     SL2 Time Specific     SL2 Non-Time Specific	95% Within + or – 15 minutes of Scheduled Start Time

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
- UNE Loops	• 95% Within + or – 15 minutes of Scheduled Start time



# P-7B: Coordinated Customer Conversions – Average Recovery Time

#### Definition

Measures the time between notification and resolution by BellSouth of a service outage found that can be isolated to the BellSouth side of the network. The time between notification and resolution by BellSouth must be measured to ensure that CLEC customers do not experience unjustifiable lengthy service outages during a Coordinated Customer Conversion. This report measures outages associated with Coordinated Customer Conversions prior to service order completion.

#### **Exclusions**

- Cut overs where service outages are due to CLEC caused reasons
- Cut overs where service outages are due to end-user caused reasons

#### **Business Rules**

Measures the outage duration time related to Coordinated Customer Conversions from the initial trouble notification until the trouble has been restored and the CLEC has been notified. The duration time is defined as the time from the initial trouble notification until the trouble has been restored and the CLEC has been notified. The interval is calculated on the total outage time for the circuits divided by the total number of outages restored during the report period to give the average outage duration.

#### Calculation

**Recovery Time** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time That Trouble is Closed by CLEC
- b = Date & Time Initial Trouble is Opened with BellSouth

Average Recovery Time =  $(c \div d)$ 

- c = Sum of all the Recovery Times
- d = Number of Troubles Referred to the BellSouth

#### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	• None
CLEC Company Name	
CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)	
Committed Due Date (DD)	
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
CLEC Acceptance Conflict (CLEC_CONFLICT)	
CLEC Conflict Resolved (CLEC_RESOLVE)	
CLEC Conflict MFC (CLEC_CONFLICT_MFC)	
Total Conversion Orders	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Unbundled Loops with INP/LNP     Unbundled Loops without INP/LNP	Diagnostic

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# P-7C: Hot Cut Conversions - % Provisioning Troubles Received Within 7 days of a completed Service Order

#### **Definition**

Percent Provisioning Troubles received within 7 days of a completed service order associated with a Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Customer Conversion. Measures the quality and accuracy of Hot Cut Conversion Activities.

#### **Exclusions**

- Any order canceled by the CLEC
- Troubles caused by Customer Provided Equipment

#### **Business Rules**

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed service orders associated with Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Hot Cut Conversions. The first trouble report received on a circuit ID within 7 days following a service order completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Hot Cut Conversion service orders and following 7 days after the completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

#### Calculation

% Provisioning Troubles within 7 days of service order completion =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = The sum of all Hot Cut Circuits with a trouble within 7 days following service order(s) completion
- b = The total number of Hot Cut service order circuits completed in the previous report calendar month

#### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	No BellSouth Analog exists
CLEC Order Number (so nbr)	
• PON	
Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)	
Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)	
Status Type	
Status Notice Date	
Standard Order Activity	
Geographic Scope	
Total Conversion Circuits	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
UNE Loop Design     UNE Loop Non-Design	• ≤ 5%

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#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Loops	• ≤ 5%



# P-8: Cooperative Acceptance Testing - % of xDSL Loops Tested

#### **Definition**

The loop will be considered cooperatively tested when the BellSouth technician places a call to the CLEC representative to initiate cooperative testing and jointly performs the tests with the CLEC.

#### **Exclusions**

- Testing failures due to CLEC (incorrect contact number, CLEC not ready, etc.)
- xDSL lines with no request for cooperative testing

#### **Business Rules**

When a BellSouth technician finishes delivering an order for an xDSL loop where the CLEC order calls for cooperative testing at the customer's premise, the BellSouth technician is to call a toll free number to the CLEC testing center. The BellSouth technician and the CLEC representative at the center then test the line. As an example of the type of testing performed, the testing center may ask the technician to put a short on the line so that the center can run a test to see if it can identify the short.

#### Calculation

Cooperative Acceptance Testing - % of xDSL Loops Tested =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of successful xDSL cooperative tests for xDSL lines where cooperative testing was requested in the reporting period
- b = Total Number of xDSL line tests requested by the CLEC and scheduled in the reporting period

#### Report Structure

- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- Type of Loop tested

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	No BellSouth analog exists
CLEC Company Name (OCN)	
<ul> <li>CLEC Order Number (so_nbr) and PON (PON)</li> </ul>	
Committed Due Date (DD)	
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
<ul> <li>Acceptance Testing Completed (ACCEPT_TESTING)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Acceptance Testing Declined (ACCEPT_TESTING)</li> </ul>	
Total xDSL Orders	
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header	
found in the raw data file.	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation:	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
• UNE xDSL - ADSL	95% of Lines Tested
- HDSL	
- UCL - OTHER	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation:	SEEM Analog/Benchmark:
• UNE xDSL	• 95% of Lines Tested

# P-9: % Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion

#### Definition

Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion measures the quality and accuracy of Service order activities.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D & F orders
- Trouble reports caused and closed out to Customer Provided Equipment (CPE)

#### **Business Rules**

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 30 days after completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

D & F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.

Note: Standalone LNP historical data is not available in the maintenance systems (LMOS or WFA).

#### Calculation

% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Trouble reports on all completed orders 30 days following service order(s) completion
- b = All Service Orders completed in the previous report calendar month

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch / No Dispatch (except trunks)

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Order Number and PON	BellSouth Order Number
Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)	Order Submission Date
Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)	Order Submission Time
Status Type	Status Type
Status Notice Date	Status Notice Date
Standard Order Activity	Standard Order Activity
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence



SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Resale Business	Retail business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design</li> <li>Dispatch</li> <li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
<ul> <li>UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> <li>Dispatch Out</li> <li>Non-Dispatch</li> <li>Dispatch In</li> <li>Switch-Based</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Retail Residence and Business</li> <li>Dispatch Out</li> <li>Non-Dispatch</li> <li>Dispatch In</li> <li>Switch-Based</li> </ul>
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
<ul><li>UNE Combo Other</li><li>Dispatch</li><li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li></ul>	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)     Dispatch     Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• UNE Other Non -Design	Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

# P-10: Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

# P-10: Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

#### Definition

This report measures the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the return of a completion notice to the CLEC Interface.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D (Disconnect Except "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone.) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- Orders with CLEC/Subscriber caused delays or CLEC/Subscriber requested due date changes.

#### **Business Rules**

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines three reports: FOC Timeliness, Average Order Completion Interval and Average Completion Notice Interval. For UNE XDSL Loop, this measurement combines Service Inquiry Interval (SI), FOC Timeliness, Average Completion Interval, and Average Completion Notice Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when a completion notice is sent to the CLEC Interface (LENS, TAG OR EDI) and the BellSouth Legacy Systems. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33 day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

Reporting is by Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized receipt of LSRs.

#### Calculation

#### **Total Service Order Cycle Time** = (a - b)

- a = Service Order Completion Notice Date
- b = Service Request Receipt Date

#### Average Total Service Order Cycle Time = $(c \div d)$

- c = Sum of all Total Service Order Cycle Times
- d = Total Number Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total Number of Service Requests Completed in "X" minutes/hours
- f = Total Number of Service Requests Received in Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized; Partially Mechanized; Non-Mechanized
- Report in categories of <10 line/circuits; > 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30,  $\geq$  30 Days. The interval breakout is: 0-5=0-4.99, 5-10=5-9.99, 10-15=10-14.99, 15-20 = 15-19.99, 20-25 = 20-24.99, 25-30 = 25-29.99, > 30 = 30 and greater.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Interval for FOC</li> <li>CLEC Company Name (OCN)</li> <li>Order Number (PON)</li> <li>Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>Completion Notice Date and Time</li> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	Report Month     BellSouth Order Number     Order Submission Date & Time     Order Completion Date & Time     Service Type     Geographic Scope
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Diagnostic
Resale Business	
Resale Design	
Resale PBX	
Resale Centrex	
Resale ISDN	
LNP (Standalone)	
INP (Standalone)	
2W Analog Loop Design	
2W Analog Loop Non-Design	
2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	
2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design	
UNE Switch Ports	
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	
UNE Combo Other	
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	
• UNE ISDN	
UNE Line Sharing	
UNE Other Design	
UNE Other Non -Design	
UNE Digital Loops < DS1	
• UNE Digital Loops ≥ DS1	
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Trans port)	
Local Interconnection Trunks	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

P-11: Service Order Accuracy



#### **Georgia Performance Metrics**

# P-11: Service Order Accuracy

#### **Definition**

The "service order accuracy" measurement measures the accuracy and completeness of a sample of BellSouth service orders by comparing what was ordered and what was completed.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Cancelled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D & F orders

#### **Business Rules**

A statistically valid sample of service orders, completed during a monthly reporting period, is compared to the original account profile and the order that the CLEC sent to BellSouth. An order is "completed without error" if all service attributes and account detail changes (as determined by comparing the original order) completely and accurately reflect the activity specified on the original order and any supplemental CLEC order. For both small and large sample sizes, when a Service Request cannot be matched with a corresponding Service Order, it will not be counted. For small sample sizes an effort will be made to replace the service request.

#### Calculation

Percent Service Order Accuracy =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Orders Completed without Error
- b = Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Aggregate
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > = 10 line/circuits
- · Dispatch / No Dispatch

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	No BellSouth Analog Exist
CLEC Order Number and PON	
Local Service Request (LSR)	
Order Submission Date	
Committed Due Date	
Service Type	
Standard Order Activity	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Resale Residence	95% Accurate
Resale Business	
Resale Design (Specials)	
UNE Specials (Design)	
• UNE (Non-Design)	
Local Interconnection Trunks	



#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation:	SEEM Analog/Benchmark:
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# P-12: LNP-Percent Missed Installation Appointments

#### Definition

"Percent missed installation appointments" monitors the reliability of BellSouth commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BellSouth. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for total misses and End User Misses.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable

#### **Business Rules**

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported in a separate category. The first commitment date on the service order that is a missed appointment is the missed appointment code used for calculation whether it is a BellSouth missed appointment or an End User missed appointment. The "due date" is any time on the confirmed due date, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours.

#### Calculation

LNP Percent Missed Installation Appointments = (a ÷ b) X 100

- a = Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State/Region
- Report in Categories of  $\leq$ 10 lines/circuits  $\geq$  10 lines/circuits (except trunks)

**Report explanation:** Total Missed Appointments is the total percent of orders missed either by BellSouth or the CLEC end user. End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC end user. The difference between End User Missed Appointments and Total Missed Appointments is the result of BellSouth caused misses.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month     CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)     Committed Due Date (DD)	Not Applicable
<ul><li> Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li><li> Status Type</li><li> Status Notice Date</li></ul>	
<ul><li>Standard Order Activity</li><li>Geographic Scope</li></ul>	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	



# SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		easure
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	• 95% Due Dates Met <sup>a</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Due to data structure issues, BellSouth is using a benchmark comparison for SEEM rather than the Truncated Z as stated in the Order.



## P-13: LNP-Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval & Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution

#### **Definition**

Disconnect Timeliness is defined as the interval between the time ESI Number Manager receives the valid 'Number Ported' message from NPAC (signifying the CLEC 'Activate') until the time the Disconnect is completed in the Central Office switch. This interval effectively measures BellSouth responsiveness by isolating it from impacts that are caused by CLEC related activities.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.

#### **Business Rules**

The Disconnect Timeliness interval is determined for each telephone number ported associated with a disconnect service order processed on an LSR during the reporting period. The Disconnect Timeliness interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth receives a valid 'Number Ported' message in ESI Number Manager (signifying the CLEC 'Activate') for each telephone number ported until each telephone number on the service order is disconnected in the Central Office switch. Elapsed time for each ported telephone number is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the total number of selected telephone numbers disconnected in the reporting period.

#### Calculation

#### **Disconnect Timeliness Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date and Time in Central Office switch for each number on disconnect order
- b = Valid 'Number Ported' message received date & time

#### Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval = $(c \div d)$

- c = Sum of all Disconnect Timeliness Intervals
- d = Total Number of disconnected numbers completed in reporting period

#### **Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = $(e \div f) \times 100$

- e = Disconnected numbers completed in "X" days
- f = Total disconnect numbers completed in reporting period

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Order Number	Not Applicable
Telephone Number / Circuit Number	
Committed Due Date	
Receipt Date / Time (ESI Number Manager)	
Date/Time of Recent Change Notice	

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation:	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark:
• LNP	• 95% within 15 Minutes

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		easure
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
LNP Standalone	• 95% within 15 Minutes

P-14: LNP-Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

**Georgia Performance Metrics** 

# P-14: LNP-Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

#### **Definition**

Total Service Order Cycle Time measures the interval from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the final service order associated with that service request.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable
- "L" appointment coded orders (indicating the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- "S" missed appointment coded orders (indicating subscriber missed appointments), except for "SP" codes (indicating subscriber prior due date requested). This would include "S" codes assigned to subsequent due date changes.

#### **Business Rules**

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines three reports: FOC Timeliness, Average Order Completion Interval and Average Completion Notice Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when a completion notice is sent to the CLEC Interface (LENS, TAG OR EDI). Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33 day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on the same day.

Reporting is by Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized receipt of LSRs.

#### Calculation

**Total Service Order Cycle Time = (a - b)** 

- a = Service Order Completion Notice Date
- b = Service Request Receipt Date

Average Total Service Order Cycle Time =  $(c \div d)$ 

- c = Sum of all Total Service Order Cycle Times
- d = Total Number Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

**Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total Number of Service Orders Completed in "X" minutes/hours
- f = Total Number of Service Orders Received in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · Fully Mechanized; Partially Mechanized; Non-Mechanized
- Report in categories of <10 lines/circuits; \( \geq \) lines/circuits (except trunks)
- Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30,  $\geq$  30 Days. The interval breakout is: 0-5 = 0-4.99, 5-10 = 5-9.99, 10-15 = 10-14.99, 15-20 = 15-19.99, 20-25 = 20-24.99, 25-30 = 25-29.99,  $\geq$  30 = 30 and greater.



#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	Not Applicable
Interval for FOC	
CLEC Company Name (OCN)	
Order Number (PON)	
Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	
Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	
Completion Notice Date and Time	
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
Geographic Scope	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggrega	tion Retail Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	• Diagnostic

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# Section 4: Maintenance & Repair

# **M&R-1: Missed Repair Appointments**

### **Definition**

The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.

### **Exclusions**

- · Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

### **Business Rules**

The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BellSouth personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his/her Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a "Missed Commitment" or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BellSouth and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BellSouth reasons. (No access reports are not part of this measure because they are not a missed appointment.)

**Note**: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours. Standalone LNP historical data is not available in the maintenance systems (LMOS or WFA).

### Calculation

Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time
- b = Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period

### **Report Structure**

- · Dispatch / Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report month  CLEGG  N	• Report month
CLEC Company Name	BellSouth Company Code
Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Submission Date & Time
Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Completion Date
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Service Type
<ul> <li>Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> </ul>	Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)
Geographic Scope	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	Geographic Scope

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# M&R-1: Missed Repair Appointments

# **SQM Disaggregation - Retail Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of Switch- Based Feature Troubles)
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

# M&R-2: Customer Trouble Report Rate

### **Definition**

Percent of initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month per 100 lines/circuits in service.

### **Exclusions**

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

### **Business Rules**

Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total "number of service" lines, ports or combination that exist for the CLECs and BellSouth respectively at the end of the report month.

### Calculation

Customer Trouble Report Rate =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports closed in the Current Period
- b = Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period

### **Report Structure**

- · Dispatch / Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Company Name</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li># Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)</li> <li>Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li># Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable



SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of Switch- Based Feature Troubles)
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

M&R-3: Maintenance Average Duration



**Georgia Performance Metrics** 

# **M&R-3: Maintenance Average Duration**

### **Definition**

The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.

### **Exclusions**

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

### **Business Rules**

For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of a correct repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored and the BellSouth or CLEC customer is notified (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work systems).

### Calculation

### **Maintenance Duration** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Service Restoration
- b = Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened

### Average Maintenance Duration = $(c \div d)$

- c = Total of all maintenance durations in the reporting period
- d = Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period

### **Report Structure**

- Dispatch / Non-Dispatch
- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience:	Relating to BellSouth Performance:
Report Month	Report Month
Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)	Total Tickets
CLEC Company Name	BellSouth Company Code
Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Ticket Submission Date
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Ticket Submission Time
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Ticket Completion Date
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC)	Ticket Completion Time
Geographic Scope	Total Duration Time
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header	Service Type
1	Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)
found in the raw data file.	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
	Geographic Scope

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business



SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of Switch- Based Feature Troubles)
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail



# M&R-4: Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days

### **Definition**

Closed trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles closed reported

### **Exclusions**

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

### **Business Rules**

Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report

### Calculation

Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Count of closed Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days
- b = Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period

### **Report Structure**

- · Dispatch / Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)	Total Tickets
CLEC Company Name	BellSouth Company Code
Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Ticket Submission Date
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Ticket Submission Time
Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days	Ticket Completion Date
(TOT_REPEAT)	Ticket Completion Time
Service Type	Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE CD & CAUSE DESC)	Service Type
Geographic Scope	Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
found in the raw data file.	Geographic Scope

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex



SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of Switch- Based Feature Troubles)
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

# M&R-5: Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours

### **Definition**

For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of Total OOS Troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service).

### **Exclusions**

- Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
- BellSouth Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.

### **Business Rules**

Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS/WFA and the trouble is counted if the elapsed time exceeds 24 hours.

### Calculation

Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total Cleared Troubles OOS > 24 Hours
- b = Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period

### **Report Structure**

- Dispatch / Non Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- BellSouth Aggregate
- · CLEC Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Total Tickets	Total Tickets
CLEC Company Name	BellSouth Company Code
Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Ticket Submission Date
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT	Ticket Submission time
Percentage of Customer Troubles out of	Ticket Completion Date
• Service > 24 Hours (OOS>24_FLAG)	Ticket Completion Time
Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	• Percent of Customer Troubles out of Service > 24 Hours
• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE-DESC)	Service type
Geographic Scope	Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only)
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
found in the raw data file.	Geographic Scope
Tourid III the raw data file.	

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex



SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of Switch- Based Feature Troubles)
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non – Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

# ${\bf SEEM\ Disaggregation\ -\ Analog/Benchmark}$

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# M&R-6: Average Answer Time - Repair Centers

### **Definition**

This measures the average time a customer is in queue when calling a BellSouth Repair Center.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when a CLEC Representative or BellSouth customer makes a choice on the Repair Center's menu and is put in queue for the next repair attendant. The clock stops when the repair attendant answers the call (abandoned calls are not included).

Note: The Total Column is a combined BellSouth Residence and Business number.

### Calculation

**Answer Time for BellSouth Repair Centers** = (a - b)

- a = Time BellSouth Repair Attendant Answers Call
- b = Time of entry into queue after ACD Selection

Average Answer Time for BellSouth Repair Centers =  $(c \div d)$ 

- c = Sum of all Answer Times
- d = Total number of calls by reporting period

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
CLEC Average Answer Time	BellSouth Average Answer Time

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog / Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog / Benchmark
Region. CLEC/BellSouth Service Centers and BellSouth Repair Centers are regional.	For CLEC, Average Answer Times in UNE Center and BRMC are comparable to the Average Answer Times in the BellSouth Repair Centers.

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

M&R-7: Mean Time To Notify CLEC of Network Outages

# M&R-7: Mean Time To Notify CLEC of Network Outages

### Definition

This report measures the time it takes for the BellSouth Network Management Center (NMC) to notify the CLEC of major network outages.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

BellSouth will inform the CLEC of any major network outages (key customer accounts) via a page or email. When the BellSouth NMC becomes aware of a network incident, the CLEC and BellSouth will be notified electronically. The notification time for each outage will be measured in minutes and divided by the number of outages for the reporting period. These are broadcast messages. It is up to those receiving the message to determine if they have customers affected by the incident.

The CLECs will be notified in accordance with the rules outlined in Appendix D of the CLEC "Customer Guide" which is published on the internet at: <a href="https://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/guides/other\_guides/html/gopue/indexf.htm">www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/guides/other\_guides/html/gopue/indexf.htm</a>.

### Calculation

Time to Notify CLEC = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time BellSouth Notified CLEC
- b = Date and Time BellSouth Detected Network Incident

Mean Time to Notify CLEC =  $(c \div d)$ 

- c = Sum of all Times to Notify CLEC
- d = Count of Network Incidents

### **Report Structure**

- · BellSouth Aggregate
- · CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Major Network Events	Major Network Events
Date/Time of Incident	Date/Time of Incident
Date/Time of Notification	Date/Time of Notification

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog / Benchmark
<ul><li>BellSouth Aggregate</li><li>CLEC Aggregate</li><li>CLEC Specific</li></ul>	Parity by Design



### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# **Section 5: Billing**

# **B-1: Invoice Accuracy**

### **Definition**

This measure provides the percentage of accuracy of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the current month.

### **Exclusions**

- Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., credits for service outage, special promotion credits, adjustments to satisfy the customer)
- · Test Accounts

### **Business Rules**

The accuracy of billing invoices delivered by BellSouth to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of billing accuracy comparative to BellSouth bills rendered to retail customers of BellSouth. CLECs request adjustments on bills determined to be incorrect. The BellSouth Billing verification process includes manually analyzing a sample of local bills from each bill period. The bill verification process draws from a mix of different customer billing options and types of service. An end-to-end auditing process is performed for new products and services. Internal measurements and controls are maintained on all billing processes.

### Calculation

**Invoice Accuracy** =  $[(a - b) \div a] \times 100$ 

- a = Absolute Value of Total Billed Revenues during current month
- b = Absolute Value of Billing Related Adjustments during current month

### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - Region
  - State

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report month
Invoice Type	Retail Type
- UNE	- CRIS
- Resale	- CABS
- Interconnection	Total Billed Revenue
Total Billed Revenue	Billing Related Adjustments
Billing Related Adjustments	



# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Product / Invoice Type     Resale     UNE     Interconnection	CLEC Invoice Accuracy is comparable to BellSouth Invoice Accuracy

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
CLEC State     BellSouth State	Parity with Retail

### **B2: Mean Time to Deliver Invoices**

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### **Definition**

Bill Distribution is calculated as follows: CRIS BILLS-The number of workdays is reported for CRIS bills. This is calculated by counting the Bill Period date as the first work day. Weekends and holidays are excluded when counting workdays. J/N Bills are counted in the CRIS work day category for the purposes of the measurement since their billing account number (Q account) is provided from the CRIS system.

CABS BILLS-The number of calendar days is reported for CABS bills. This is calculated by counting the day following the Bill Period date as the first calendar day. Weekends and holidays are included when counting the calendar days.

### **Exclusions**

Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content errors.

### **Business Rules**

This report measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.

### Calculation

**Invoice Timeliness** = (a - b)

- a = Invoice Transmission Date
- b = Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle

### Mean Time To Deliver Invoices = $(c \div d)$

- c = Sum of all Invoice Timeliness intervals
- d = Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period

### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- · Geographic Scope
  - Region
  - State

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report month	Report month
Invoice Type	Invoice Type
- UNE	- CRIS
- Resale	- CABS
- Interconnection	Invoice Transmission Count
Invoice Transmission Count	Date of Scheduled Bill Close
Date of Scheduled Bill Close	

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# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Product / Invoice Type  Resale  UNE Interconnection	<ul> <li>CRIS-based invoices will be released for delivery within six         <ul> <li>(6) business days.</li> </ul> </li> <li>CABS-based invoices will be released for delivery within eight (8) calendar days.</li> <li>CLEC Average Delivery Intervals for both CRIS and CABS Invoices are comparable to BellSouth Average delivery for both systems.</li> </ul>

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• CLEC State - CRIS	Parity with Retail
- CABS - BellSouth Region	

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# **B3: Usage Data Delivery Accuracy**

### **Definition**

This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC). These percentages will provide the necessary data for use as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered by BellSouth to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of accuracy comparative to BellSouth bills rendered to their retail customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process, they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.

### Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Accuracy =  $(a - b) \div a \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of usage data packs sent during current month
- b = Total number of usage data packs requiring retransmission during current month

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- · Geographic Scope
  - Region

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Record Type</li> <li>BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>Non-BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul>	Report month     Record Type

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Region	CLEC Usage Data Delivery Accuracy is comparable to BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Accuracy

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	



# ${\bf SEEM\ Disaggregation\ -\ Analog/Benchmark}$

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
CLEC State     BellSouth Region	Parity with Retail



# **B4: Usage Data Delivery Completeness**

### **Definition**

This measurement provides percentage of complete and accurately recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BellSouth for billing) that is processed and transmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of the message recording date. A parity measure is also provided showing completeness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth delivers its own retail usage from recording location to billing location via CMDS as well as delivering billing data to other companies. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level of quality of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

### Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Completeness =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during current month that are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date
- b = Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Record Type</li> <li>BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>Non-BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul>	Report month     Record Type

### **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Region	CLEC Usage Data Delivery Completeness is comparable to BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Completeness

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



# ${\bf SEEM\ Disaggregation\ -\ Analog/Benchmark}$

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

**B5: Usage Data Delivery Timeliness** 



### **Georgia Performance Metrics**

# **B5: Usage Data Delivery Timeliness**

### **Definition**

This measurement provides a percentage of recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BellSouth for billing) that is delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the receipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. The usage data will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. The Timeliness interval of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date BellSouth receives the records to the date BellSouth distributes to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

### Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Timeliness Current month =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of usage records sent within six (6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt
- b = Total number of usage records sent

### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month     Record Type     BellSouth Recorded     Non-BellSouth Recorded	Report Monthly     Record Type

### SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Region	CLEC Usage Data Delivery Timeliness is comparable to BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Timeliness

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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# **B6: Mean Time to Deliver Usage**

### **Definition**

This measurement provides the average time it takes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the average number of days it takes BellSouth to deliver Usage data to the appropriate CLEC. Usage data is mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

### Calculation

Mean Time to Deliver Usage =  $(a \times b) \div c$ 

- a = Volume of Records Delivered
- b = Estimated number of days to deliver
- c = Total Record Volume Delivered

Note: Any usage record falling in the 30+ day interval will be added using an average figure of 31.5 days.

### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Aggregate
- · CLEC Specific
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month     Record Type     BellSouth Recorded	Report Monthly     Record Type
- Non-BellSouth Recorded	

### **SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Region	Mean Time to Deliver Usage to CLEC is comparable to Mean Time to Deliver Usage to BellSouth

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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# **B7: Recurring Charge Completeness**

### **Definition**

This measure captures percentage of fractional recurring charges appearing on the correct bill.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The effective date of the recurring charge must be within 30 days of the bill date for the charge to appear on the correct bill.

### Calculation

Recurring Charge Completeness =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Count of fractional recurring charges that are on the correct bill<sup>1</sup>
- b = Total count of fractional recurring charges that are on the correct bill

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report month	Report month
Invoice type	Retail Analog
Total recurring charges billed	Total recurring charges billed
Total billed on time	Total billed on time

# SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Product/Invoice Type	
Resale	• Parity
• UNE	Benchmark 90%
Interconnection	Benchmark 90%

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Correct bill = next available bill



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# **B8: Non-Recurring Charge Completeness**

### **Definition**

This measure captures percentage of non-recurring charges appearing on the correct bill.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The effective date of the non-recurring charge must be within 30 days of the bill date for the charge to appear on the correct bill.

### Calculation

Non-Recurring Charge Completeness =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Count of non-recurring charges that are on the correct bill 1
- b = Total count of non-recurring charges that are on the correct bill

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report month	Report month
Invoice type	Retail Analog
Total non-recurring charges billed	Total non-recurring charges billed
Total billed on time	Total billed on time

### **SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Product/Invoice Type	
Resale	• Parity
• UNE	Benchmark 90%
Interconnection	Benchmark 90%

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Correct bill = next available bill



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# **Section 6: Operator Services And Directory Assistance**

# OS-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Toll

### **Definition**

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

### Calculation

Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Toll =  $a \div b$ 

- a = Total queue time
- b = Total calls answered

**Note**: Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.

### **Report Structure**

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

### **Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)**

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- · Average Speed of Answer

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design



### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# OS-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered with "X" Seconds – Toll

### **Definition**

Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than ten seconds

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

### Calculation

The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

### **Report Structure**

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

### **Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)**

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- · Average Speed of Answer

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
• None	Parity by Design

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# DA-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA)

### **Definition**

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a DA operator.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

### Calculation

Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA) =  $a \div b$ 

- a = Total queue time
- b = Total calls answered

Note: Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.

### **Report Structure**

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

### **Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)**

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

### SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# DA-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds – Directory Assistance (DA)

### **Definition**

Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than twelve seconds.

### **Exclusions**

None

### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

### Calculation

The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

### **Report Structure**

- · Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

### **Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)**

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- · Average Speed of Answer

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# **Section 7: Database Update Information**

# D-1: Average Database Update Interval

#### **Definition**

This report measures the interval from receipt of the database change request to the completion of the update to the database for Line Information Database (LIDB), Directory Assistance and Directory Listings. For E-911, see Section 8.

#### **Exclusions**

- Updates Canceled by the CLEC
- · Initial update when supplemented by CLEC
- · BellSouth updates associated with internal or administrative use of local services.

#### **Business Rules**

The interval for this measure begins with the date and time stamp when a service order is completed and the completion notice is released to all systems to be updated with the order information including Directory Assistance, Directory Listings, and Line Information Database (LIDB). The end time stamp is the date and time of completion of updates to the system.

#### For BellSouth Results:

The BellSouth computation is identical to that for the CLEC with the clarifications noted below.

### Other Clarifications and Qualification:

- For LIDB, the elapsed time for a BellSouth update is measured from the point in time when the BellSouth file maintenance process makes the LIDB update information available until the date and time reported by BellSouth that database updates are completed.
- Results for the CLECs are captured and reported at the update level by Reporting Dimension (see below).
- The Completion Date is the date upon which BellSouth issues the Update Completion Notice to the CLEC.
- If the CLEC initiates a supplement to the originally submitted update and the supplement reflects changes in customer requirements (rather than responding to BellSouth initiated changes), then the update submission date and time will be the date and time of BellSouth receipt of a syntactically correct update supplement. Update activities responding to BellSouth initiated changes will not result in changes to the update submission date and time used for the purposes of computing the update completion interval.
- Elapsed time is measured in hours and hundredths of hours rounded to the nearest tenth of an hour.
- Because this should be a highly automated process, the accumulation of elapsed time continues through off-schedule, weekends and holidays; however, scheduled maintenance windows are excluded.

### Calculation

### **Update Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date & Time of Database Update
- b = Submission Date and Time of Database Change

#### Average Update Interval = $(c \div d)$

- c = Sum of all Update Intervals
- d = Total Number of Updates Completed During Reporting Period



# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific (Under development)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Database File Submission Time</li> <li>Database File Update Completion Time</li> <li>CLEC Number of Submissions</li> <li>Total Number of Updates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Database File Submission Time</li> <li>Database File Update Completion Time</li> <li>BellSouth Number of Submissions</li> <li>Total Number of Updates</li> </ul>

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation:	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Database Type • LIDB	Parity by Design
Directory Listings	
Directory Assistance	

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# **D-2: Percent Database Update Accuracy**

#### Definition

This report measures the accuracy of database updates by BellSouth for Line Information Database (LIDB), Directory Assistance, and Directory Listings using a statistically valid sample of LSRs/Orders in a manual review. This manual review is not conducted on BellSouth Retail Orders.

#### **Exclusions**

- Updates canceled by the CLEC
- · Initial update when supplemented by CLEC
- · CLEC orders that had CLEC errors
- BellSouth updates associated with internal or administrative use of local services.

### **Business Rules**

For each update completed during the reporting period, the original update that the CLEC sent to BellSouth is compared to the database following completion of the update by BellSouth. An update is "completed without error" if the database completely and accurately reflects the activity specified on the original and supplemental update (order) submitted by the CLEC. Each database (LIDB, Directory Assistance, and Directory Listings) should be separately tracked and reported.

A statistically valid sample of CLEC Orders are pulled each month. That sample will be used to test the accuracy of the database update process. This is a manual process.

#### Calculation

**Percent Update Accuracy** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Number of Updates Completed Without Error
- b = Number Updates Completed

# **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific (not available in this report)
- BellSouth Aggregate (not available in this report)

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Order Number (so_nbr) and PON (PON)</li> <li>Local Service Request (LSR)</li> <li>Order Submission Date</li> <li>Number of Orders Reviewed</li> </ul>	Not Applicable
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Database Type	95% Accurate
• LIDB	
Directory Assistance	
Directory Listings	



# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# D-3: Percent NXXs and LRNs Loaded by the LERG Effective Date

#### **Definition**

Measurement of the percent of NXX(s) and Location Routing Numbers LRN(s) loaded in end office and/or tandem switches by the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) effective date when facilities are in place. BellSouth has a single provisioning process for both NXX(s) and LRN(s). In this measure, BellSouth will identify whether or not a particular NXX has been flagged as LNP capable (set triggers for dips) by the LERG effective date.

An LRN is assigned by the owner of the switch and is placed into the software translations for every switch to be used as an administrative pointer to route NXX(s) in LNP capable switches. The LRN is a result of Local Number Porting and is housed in a national database provided by the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC). The switch owner is responsible for notifying NPAC and requesting the effective date that will be reflected in the LERG. The national database downloads routing tables into BellSouth Service Control Point (SCP) regional databases, which are queried by switches when routing ported numbers.

The basic NXX routing process includes the addition of all NXX(s) in the response translations. This addition to response translations is what supports LRN routing. Routing instructions for all NXX(s), including LRN(s), are received from the Advance Routing & Trunking System (ARTS) and all routing, including response, is established based on the information contained in the Translation Work Instructions (TWINs) document.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Activation requests where the CLEC's interconnection arrangements and facilities are not in place by the LERG effective date.
- · Expedite requests

#### **Business Rules**

Data for the initial NXX(s) and LRN(s) in a local calling area will be based on the LERG effective date or completion of the initial interconnection trunk group(s), whichever is longer. Data for additional NXX(s) in the local calling area will be based on the LERG effective date. The LERG effective date is loaded into the system at the request of the CLEC. It is contingent upon the CLEC to engineer, order, and install interconnection arrangements and facilities prior to that date.

The total Count of NXX(s) and LRN(s) that were scheduled to be loaded and those that were loaded by the LERG effective date in BellSouth switches will be captured in the Work Force Administration -Dispatch In database.

#### Calculation

Percent NXXs/LRNs Loaded and Tested Prior to the LERG Effective Date = (a ÷ b) X 100

- a = Count of NXXs and LRNs loaded by the LERG effective date
- b = Total NXXs and LRNs scheduled to be loaded by the LERG effective date

# **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth (Not Applicable)

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Company Name	Not Applicable
Company Code	
NPA/NXX	
LERG Effective Date	
Loaded Date	



# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Geographic scope     Region	100% by LERG effective date

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



Section 8: E911

# **E-1: Timeliness**

#### Definition

Measures the percent of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.

#### **Exclusions**

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- · Facilities-based CLEC orders

#### **Business Rules**

The 24-hour processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (the BellSouth E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing batch orders extracted from the BellSouth Service Order Control System (SOCS). Processing stops when SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E911 database includes updates to the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

### Calculation

**E911 Timeliness** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Number of batch orders processed within 24 hours
- b = Total number of batch orders submitted

#### **Report Structure**

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

### **Data Retained**

- · Report month
- · Aggregate data

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



# ${\bf SEEM\ Disaggregation\ -\ Analog/Benchmark}$

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# E-2: Accuracy

#### **Definition**

Measures the percent of E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) processed successfully for E911 (including the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database).

# **Exclusions**

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- · Facilities-based CLEC orders

#### **Business Rules**

Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (the BellSouth E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BellSouth's Service Order Control System (SOCS). The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

#### Calculation

**E911 Accuracy** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Number of record individual updates processed with no errors
- b = Total number of individual record updates

# **Report Structure**

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- · Region

### **Data Retained**

- · Report month
- · Aggregate data

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# E-3: Mean Interval

#### **Definition**

Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) including processing against the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database.

# **Exclusions**

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

#### **Business Rules**

The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted is 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

### Calculation

#### E911 Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and time of batch order completion
- b = Date and time of batch order submission

### **E911 Mean Interval** = $(c \div d)$

- c = Sum of all E911 Intervals
- d = Number of batch orders completed

# **Report Structure**

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- · Region

# **Data Retained**

- · Report month
- · Aggregate data

# SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# **Section 9: Trunk Group Performance**

# TGP-1: Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate

#### **Definition**

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups.

#### **Exclusions**

- Trunk groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC network/equipment failure
- · Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC delayed or refused orders
- · Trunk groups blocked due to unanticipated significant increases in CLEC traffic
- · Final groups actually overflowing, not blocked

#### **Business Rules**

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BellSouth trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

#### **Aggregate Monthly Blocking:**

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- · Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

#### Trunk Categorization:

This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

#### **CLEC Affecting Categories:**

	Point A	Point B
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Tandem



#### **BellSouth Affecting Categories:**

Point A Point B

Category 9:

BellSouth End Office

BellSouth End Office

#### Calculation

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.
- The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

### **Aggregate Monthly Blocking:**

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
  - State

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Total Trunk Groups	Total Trunk Groups
Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC	Aggregate Hourly blocking per trunk group
Hourly blocking per trunk group	Hourly usage per trunk group
Hourly usage per trunk group	Hourly call attempts per trunk group
Hourly call attempts per trunk group	

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
CLEC aggregate     BellSouth aggregate	• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark:
CLEC aggregate     BellSouth aggregate	• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1,3,4,5,10,16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth

TGP-2: Trunk Group Performance-CLEC Specific



**Georgia Performance Metrics** 

# TGP-2: Trunk Group Performance-CLEC Specific

#### **Definition**

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups.

#### **Exclusions**

- Trunk Groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC network/equipment failure
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC delayed or refused orders
- Trunk groups blocked due to unanticipated significant increases in CLEC traffic
- Final groups actually overflowing, not blocked

#### **Business Rules**

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BellSouth trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

#### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

### Trunk Categorization:

• This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

#### **CLEC Affecting Categories**:

	Point A	Point B
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Tandem

#### **BellSouth Affecting Categories:**

	Point A	Point B
Category 9:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth End Office

#### **Calculation:**

Monthly Average Blocking:



- For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.
- The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

### **Aggregate Monthly Blocking:**

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
  - State

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Total Trunk Groups	Total Trunk Groups
Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC	Aggregate Hourly blocking per trunk group
Hourly blocking per trunk group	Hourly usage per trunk group
Hourly usage per trunk group	Hourly call attempts per trunk group
Hourly call attempts per trunk group	

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
CLEC trunk group	Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark:
CLEC trunk group     BellSouth trunk group	• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth



# **Section 10: Collocation**

# C-1: Collocation Average Response Time

#### **Definition**

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application (including receipt of application fee if required) to the date BellSouth returns a response electronically or in writing. Within 10 calendar days after having received a bona fide application for physical collocation, BellSouth must respond as to whether space is available or not.

### **Exclusions**

Any application canceled by the CLEC

#### **Business Rules**

The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate collocation application accompanied by the appropriate application fee if required. The clock stops on the date that BellSouth returns a response. The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.

#### Calculation

**Response Time** = (a - b)

- a = Request Response Date
- b = Request Submission Date

Average Response Time =  $(c \div d)$ 

- c = Sum of all Response Times
- d = Count of Responses Returned within Reporting Period

### **Report Structure**

- · Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

### **Data Retained**

- · Report period
- · Aggregate data

Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• State	Virtual - 20 Calendar Days
Virtual-Initial	Physical Caged - 30 Calendar Days
Virtual-Augment	Physical Cageless - 30 Calendar Days
Physical Caged-Initial	
Physical Caged-Augment	
Physical-Cageless-Initial	
Physical Cageless-Augment	

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# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

C-2: Collocation Average Arrangement Time



**Georgia Performance Metrics** 

# C-2: Collocation Average Arrangement Time

#### **Definition**

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from receipt of a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order (including receipt of appropriate fee if required) to the date BellSouth completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC.

#### **Exclusions**

- Any Bona Fide firm order canceled by the CLEC
- Any Bona Fide firm order with a CLEC-negotiated interval longer than the benchmark interval.

#### **Business Rules**

The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate Bone Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops on the date that BellSouth completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC.

#### Calculation

Arrangement Time = (a - b)

- a = Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete
- b = Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted

#### Average Arrangement Time = $(c \div d)$

- c = Sum of all Arrangement Times
- d = Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period.

# **Report Structure**

- · Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- · Aggregate of all CLECs

#### **Data Retained**

- · Report period
- · Aggregate data

### SQM Disaggregation - Retail Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• State	Virtual - 50 Calendar Days (Ordinary)
Virtual-Initial	Virtual - 75 Calendar Days (Extraordinary)
Virtual-Augment	Physical Caged - 90 Calendar Days
Physical Caged-Initial	Physical Cageless - 60 Calendar Days (Ordinary)
Physical Caged-Augment	Physical Cageless - 90 Calendar Days (Extraordinary)
Physical Cageless-Initial	
Physical Cageless-Augment	

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark:
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# C-3: Collocation Percent of Due Dates Missed

#### Definition

Measures the percent of missed due dates for both virtual and physical collocation arrangements.

#### **Exclusions**

Any Bona Fide firm order canceled by the CLEC

#### **Business Rules**

Percent Due Dates Missed is the percent of total collocation arrangements which BellSouth is unable to complete by end of the BellSouth committed due date. The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee if required. The arrangement is considered a missed due date if it is not completed on or before the committed due date.

#### Calculation

% of Due Dates Missed =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Number of Completed Orders that were not completed within BellSouth Committed Due Date during Reporting Period
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

# **Report Structure**

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- · Aggregate of all CLECs

#### **Data Retained**

- · Report period
- · Aggregate data

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• State	• $\geq$ 95% on time
Virtual-Initial	
Virtual-Augment	
Physical Caged-Initial	
Physical Caged-Augment	
Physical Cageless-Initial	
Physical Cageless-Augment	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	X
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
All Collocation Arrangements	• $\geq 95\%$ on time.



# **Section 11: Change Management**

# **CM-1: Timeliness of Change Management Notices**

#### **Definition**

Measures whether CLECs receive required software release notices on time to prepare for BellSouth interface/system changes so CLEC interfaces are not impaired by change.

#### **Exclusions**

- Changes to release dates for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as the system software vendor changes. For example: a patch to fix a software problem.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process (CCP)

#### **Business Rules**

This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the notification date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. A revised notification would be required and the clock would restart. Based on release constraints for defects/expedites, notification may be less than the agreed upon interval in the CCP for new features.

### Calculation

Timeliness of Change Management Notices =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of Change Management Notifications Sent Within Required Time frames
- b = Total Number of Change Management Notifications Sent

### **Report Structure**

• BellSouth Aggregate

#### **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- Notice Date
- · Release Date

# SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
• Region	• 95% ≥ 30 days of Release



# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• 95% ≥ 30 days of Release



# **CM-2: Change Management Notice Average Delay Days**

#### Definition

Measures the average delay days for change management system release notices sent outside the time frame set forth in the Change

#### **Exclusions**

- Changes to release dates for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as the system software vendor changes. For example: a patch to fix a software problem.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process

#### **Business Rules**

This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the notification due date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. A revised notification would be required and the clock would restart. Based on release constraints for defects/expedites, notification may be less than the agreed upon interval in the CCP for new features.

#### Calculation

Change Management Notice Delay Days = (a - b)

- a = Date Notice Sent
- b = Date Notice Due

Change Management Notice Average Delay Days =  $(c \div d)$ 

- c = Sum of all Change Management Notice Delay Days
- d = Total Number of Notices Sent Late

### Report Structure

· BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- · Notice Date
- · Release Date

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Region	• ≤8 Days

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

CM-3: Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change

**Georgia Performance Metrics** 

# CM-3: Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change

#### Definition

Measures whether CLECs received requirements or business rule documentation on time to prepare for BellSouth interface/system changes so CLEC interfaces are not impaired by change.

#### **Exclusions**

- Documentation for release dates that slip less than 30 days for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as changes due to Regulatory mandate or CLEC request.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process.

#### **Business Rules**

This metric is designed to measure the percent of requirements or business rule documentation sent to the CLECs according to documentation standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the business rule documentation release date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. Revisions to documentation could be required and the clock would restart.

#### Calculation

Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Change Management Documentation Sent Within Required Time frames after Notices
- b = Total Number of Change Management Documentation Sent

# **Report Structure**

· BellSouth Aggregate

#### **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- Notice Date
- · Release Date

# **SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• Region	<ul> <li>95% ≥ 30 days if new features coding is required</li> <li>95% ≥ 5 days for documentation defects, corrections or clarifications</li> </ul>

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
Yes	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• $95\% \ge 30$ days of the change

CM-4: Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days

# CM-4: Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days

#### Definition

Measures the average delay days for requirements or business rule documentation sent outside the time frames set forth in the Change

#### **Exclusions**

- Documentation for release dates that slip less than 30 days for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as changes due to Regulatory mandate or CLEC request.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process.

#### **Business Rules**

This metric is designed to measure the percent of requirements or business rule documentation sent to the CLECs according to documentation standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the business rule documentation release date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. Revisions to documentation could be required and the clock would restart.

#### Calculation

**Change Management Documentation Delay Days** = (a - b)

- a = Date Documentation Provided
- b = Date Documentation Due

Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days =  $(c \div d)$ 

- c = Sum of all CM Documentation Delay Days
- d = Total Change Management Documents Sent

# Report Structure

· BellSouth Aggregate

### **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- · Notice Date
- · Release Date

### SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark:
• Region	• ≤8 Days

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **CM-5: Notification of CLEC Interface Outages**

#### **Definition**

Measures the time it takes BellSouth to notify the CLEC of an outage of an interface.

#### **Exclusions**

None

#### **Business Rules**

This measure is designed to notify the CLEC of interface outages within 15 minutes of BellSouth's verification that an outage has taken place. This metric will be expressed as a percentage.

### Calculation

Notification of CLEC Interface Outages =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Number of Interface Outages where CLECS are notified within 15 minutes
- b = Total Number of Interface Outages

# **Report Structure**

· CLEC Aggregate

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
<ul> <li>Number of Interface Outages</li> <li>Number of Notifications ≤ 15 minutes</li> </ul>	Not Applicable

# **SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
By interface type for all interfaces accessed by CLECs	• 97% in 15 Minutes

Interface	Applicable to
EDI	CLEC
CSOTS	CLEC
LENS	CLEC
TAG	CLEC
ECTA	CLEC
TAFI	CLEC/BellSouth

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# Section 12: Bona Fide / New Business Request Process

# BFR-1: Percentage of BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within 30 Business Days

### **Definition**

Percentage of Bona Fide/New Business Requests processed within 30 business days for the development and purchases of network elements not currently offered.

#### **Exclusions**

Any application cancelled by the CLEC

#### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when BellSouth receives a complete and accurate application. The clock stops when BellSouth completes application processing for Network Elements that are not operational at the time of the request.

# Calculation

Percentage of BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within 30 Business Days =  $(a \div b) \times 100$ 

- a = Count of number of requests processed within 30 days
- b = Total number of requests

# **Report Structure**

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- · Aggregate of all CLECs

# **Data Retained**

- Report period
- · Aggregate data

# **SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
Region	• 90% ≤ 30 business days

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# BFR-2: Percentage of Quotes Provided for Authorized BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within X (10/30/60) Business Days

#### **Definition**

Percentage of quotes provided in response to Bona Fide/New Business Requests within X (10/30/60) business days for network elements not currently offered.

#### **Exclusions**

Requests that are subject to pending arbitration

#### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when BellSouth receives a complete and accurate application. The clock stops when BellSouth responds back to the application with a price quote.

### Calculation

 $\textbf{Percentage of Quotes Provided for Authorized BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within X (10/30/60) Business \ Days = (a \div b) \ X \ 100 + (b) + (b)$ 

- a = Count of number of requests processed within "X" days
- b = Total number of requests where "X" = 10, 30, or 60 days

### **Report Structure**

- New Network Elements that are operational at the time of the request.
- New Network Elements that are ordered by the FCC.
- New Network Elements that are not operational at the time of the request.

### **Data Retained**

- · Report period
- · Aggregate data

# SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
• Region	<ul> <li>90% ≤ 10/30/60 business days</li> <li>Network Elements that are operational at the time of the request – 10 days</li> <li>Network Elements that are Ordered by the FCC – 30 days</li> <li>New Network Elements – 90 days</li> </ul>

SEEM Measure		
	Tier I	
No	Tier II	
	Tier III	



SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable



# **Appendix A: Reporting Scope**

# A-1: Standard Service Groupings

See individual reports in the body of the SQM.

# A-2: Standard Service Order Activities

These are the generic BellSouth/CLEC service order activities which are included in the Pre-Ordering, Ordering, and Provisioning sections of this document. It is not meant to indicate specific reporting categories.

# **Service Order Activity Types**

- Service Migrations Without Changes
- · Service Migrations With Changes
- Move and Change Activities
- Service Disconnects (Unless noted otherwise)
- · New Service Installations

# **Pre-Ordering Query Types**

- · Address
- · Telephone Number
- · Appointment Scheduling
- Customer Service Record
- · Feature Availability
- · Service Inquiry

#### **Maintenance Query Types:**

TAFI - TAFI queries the systems below

- CRIS
- March
- Predictor
- LMOS
  - DLR
  - DLETH
- LMOSupd
- LNP
- NIW
- OSPCM
- SOCS

### **Report Levels**

- CLEC RESH
- CLEC State
- · CLEC Region
- Aggregate CLEC State



- Aggregate CLEC Region
- BellSouth State
- BellSouth Region



## **Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms**

## Symbols used in calculations

- $\Sigma$  A mathematical symbol representing the sum of a series of values following the symbol.
- A mathematical operator representing subtraction.
- + A mathematical operator representing addition.
- ÷ A mathematical operator representing division.
- () Parentheses, used to group mathematical operations which are completed before operations outside the parentheses.

## Α

**ACD:** Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.

**Aggregate:** Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.

**ALEC:** Alternative Local Exchange Company = FL CLEC

ADSL: Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line

**ASR:** Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.

**ATLAS:** Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.

ATLASTN: ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number.

**Auto Clarification:** The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.

## В

BFR: Bona Fide Request

**BILLING:** The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.

BOCRIS: Business Office Customer Record Information System (Front-end to the CRIS database.)

BRI: Basic Rate ISDN



BRC: Business Repair Center - The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves business and CLEC customers.

BellSouth: BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

C

CABS: Carrier Access Billing System

**CCC:** Coordinated Customer Conversions

**CCP:** Change Control Process

**Centrex:** A business telephone service, offered by local exchange carriers, which is similar to a Private Branch Exchange (PBX) but the switching equipment is located in the telephone company Central Office (CO).

**CKTID:** A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration

**CLEC:** Competitive Local Exchange Carrier

**CLP:** Competitive Local Provider = NC CLEC

CM: Change Management

**CMDS:** Centralized Message Distribution System - Telcordia administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.

**COFFI:** Central Office Feature File Interface - Provides information about USOCs and class of service. COFFI is a part of DOE/SONGS. It indicates all services available to a customer.

COG: Corporate Gateway - Telcordia product designed for the electronic submission of xDSL Local Service Requests.

CRIS: Customer Record Information System - The BellSouth proprietary corporate database and billing system for non-access customers and services.

**CRSACCTS:** CRIS software contract for CSR information

CRSG: Complex Resale Support Group

C-SOTS: CLEC Service Order Tracking System

CSR: Customer Service Record

CTTG: Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BellSouth & Independent end offices and the BellSouth access tandems.

D

DA: Directory Assistance

**DESIGN:** Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities.

**DISPOSITION & CAUSE:** Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.



**DLETH:** Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS.

**DLR:** Detail Line Record - All the basic information maintained on a line record in LMOS, e.g. name, address, facilities, features etc.

**DS-0:** The worldwide standard speed for one digital voice signal (64000 bps).

**DS-1:** 24 DS-0s (1.544Mb/sec., i.e. carrier systems)

**DOE:** Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.

**DOM:** Delivery Order Manager - Telcordia product designed for the electronic submission of xDSL Local Service Requests.

**DSAP:** DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non-designed services and Unbundled Network Elements.

**DSAPDDI:** DSAP software contract for schedule information.

DSL: Digital Subscriber Line

**DUI:** Database Update Information

## Ε

**E911:** Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.

**EDI:** Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra-company business documents in a public standard format.

ESSX: BellSouth Centrex Service

## F

**Fatal Reject:** LSRs electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see of the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated.

**Flow-Through:** In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BellSouth OSS without manual or human intervention.

**FOC:** Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

**FX:** Foreign Exchange

G

### Н

**HAL:** "Hands Off" Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.

HALCRIS: HAL software contract for CSR information

HDSL: High Density Subscriber Loop/Line

I

**ILEC:** Incumbent Local Exchange Company

INP: Interim Number Portability

**ISDN:** Integrated Services Digital Network

**IPC:** Interconnection Purchasing Center

L

LAN: Local Area Network

**LAUTO:** The automatic processor in the LNP Gateway that validates LSRs and issues service orders.

LCSC: Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Preordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.

Legacy System: Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)

**LENS:** Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.

**LEO:** Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.

LERG: Local Exchange Routing Guide

**LESOG:** Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.

LFACS: Loop Facilities Assessment and Control System

LIDB: Line Information Database

LISC: Local Interconnection Service Center - The center that issues trunk orders.

**LMOS:** Loop Maintenance Operations System - A BellSouth Operations System that stores the assignment and selected account information for use by downstream OSS and BellSouth personnel during provisioning and maintenance activities.



LMOS HOST: LMOS host computer

LMOSupd: LMOS updates

LMU: Loop Make-up

LMUS: Loop Make-up Service Inquiry

**LNP:** Local Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider.

**LOOPS**: Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.

LRN: Location Routing Number

LSR: Local Service Request – A request for local resale service or unbundled network elements from a CLEC.

## M

**Maintenance & Repair:** The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.

**MARCH:** BellSouth Operations System which accepts service orders, interprets the coding contained in the service order image, and constructs the specific switching system Recent Change command messages for input into end office switches.

### Ν

**NBR:** New Business Request

NC: "No Circuits" - All circuits busy announcement.

NIW: Network Information Warehouse

NMLI: Native Mode LAN Interconnection

NPA: Numbering Plan Area

NXX: The "exchange" portion of a telephone number.

## 0

**OASIS:** Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front-end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.

OASISBSN: OASIS software contract for feature/service

OASISCAR: OASIS software contract for feature/service

OASISLPC: OASIS software contract for feature/service

OASISMTN: OASIS software contract for feature/service

**OASISNET:** OASIS software contract for feature/service

**OASISOCP:** OASIS software contract for feature/service



**ORDERING:** The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from Bell-South as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.

**OSPCM:** Outside Plant Contract Management System - Provides Scheduling Information.

**OSS:** Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.

**OUT OF SERVICE:** Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.

P

PMAP: Performance Measurement Analysis Platform

PMQAP: Performance Measurement Quality Assurance Plan

PON: Purchase Order Number

**POTS:** Plain Old Telephone Service

**PREDICTOR:** The BellSouth Operations system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups (e.g. RRC & BRC) to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports, and provide certain information regarding the attributes and capabilities of outside plant facilities.

**Preordering:** The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.

PRI: Primary Rate ISDN

**Provisioning:** The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.

**PSIMS:** Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.

**PSIMSORB:** PSIMS software contract for feature/service.

Q

R

**RNS:** Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in BellSouth format.

**ROS:** Regional Ordering System

**RRC:** Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.

**RSAG:** Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments.



**RSAGADDR:** RSAG software contract for address search.

**RSAGTN:** RSAG software contract for telephone number search.

S

SAC: Service Advocacy Center

**SEEM:** Self Effectuating Enforcement Mechanism

**SOCS:** Service Order Control System - The BellSouth Operations System which routes service order images among Bell-South drop points and BellSouth Operations Systems during the service provisioning process.

**SOG:** Service Order Generator - Telcordia product designed to generate a service order for xDSL.

**SOIR:** Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911

**SONGS:** Service Order Negotiation and Generation System.

T

**TAFI:** Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.

**TAG:** Telecommunications Access Gateway – TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth's OSSs and participating CLECs.

TN: Telephone Number

**Total Manual Fallout:** The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.

U

UNE: Unbundled Network Element

**UCL:** Unbundled Copper Link

USOC: Universal Service Order Code

V

W

**WATS:** Wide Area Telephone Service

WFA: Work Force Administration

WMC: Work Management Center

WTN: Working Telephone Number.



X

Υ

Z



## **Appendix C: BellSouth Audit Policy**

BellSouth currently provides many CLECs with certain audit rights as a part of their individual interconnection agreements. However, it is not reasonable for BellSouth to undergo an audit of the SQM for every CLEC with which it has a contract. BellSouth has developed a proposed Audit Plan for use by the parties to an audit. If requested by a Public Service Commission or by a CLEC exercising contractual audit rights, BellSouth will agree to undergo a comprehensive audit of the aggregate level reports for both BellSouth and the CLEC(s) each of the next five (5) years (2001-2005) to be conducted by an independent third party. The results of that audit will be made available to all the parties subject to proper safeguards to protect proprietary information. This aggregate level audit includes the following specifications:

- 1. The cost shall be borne 50% by BellSouth and 50% by the CLEC or CLECs.
- 2. The independent third party auditor shall be selected with input from BellSouth, the PSC, if applicable, and the CLEC(s).
- 3. BellSouth, the PSC and the CLEC(s) shall jointly determine the scope of the audit.

BellSouth reserves the right to make changes to this audit policy as growth and changes in the industry dictate.

## AMENDMENT TO THE

## AGREEMENT BETWEEN MCI METRO ACCESS TRANSMISSION SERVICES, L.L.C. AND

## BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. DATED JUNE 17, 2002

Pursuant to this Amendment, (the "Amendment"), MCI WorldCom Communications, Inc., ("MCIm"), and BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. ("BellSouth"), hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Parties," hereby agree to amend that certain Interconnection Agreement between the Parties dated June 17, 2002 ("Agreement") for the state of Tennessee.

WHEREAS, BellSouth and MCIm entered into the Agreement on June 17, 2002, and;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereby covenant and agree as follows:

- 1. The Parties agree to add to the rates in Table 1 of Attachment 1, the rates set forth in Exhibit 1 of this Amendment, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 2. All of the other provisions of the Agreement, dated June 17, 2002, shall remain in full force and effect.
- 3. Either or both of the Parties are authorized to submit this Amendment to the respective state regulatory authorities for approval subject to Section 252(e) of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996.
- 4. Neither party waives any right to seek clarification from the Commission regarding retroactive application of the rates contained in this Amendment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be executed by their respective duly authorized representatives on the date indicated below.

MCI Metro Access Transmission Services, L.L.C. BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

By: (Signature on File)

By: (Signature on File)

Name: Marcel Henry Name: Patrick C. Finlen

Title: Vice President Title: Assistant Director

Date: 09/11/02 Date: 09/16/02

UNBUNDLED	NETWORK ELEMENTS - Tennessee												Attachr		Tab	
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Inte rim	Zone	ne BCS	USOC	RATES(\$)					Svc Order Submit ted Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitt ed Manually per LSR	Order vs.	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'I	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incrementa Charge - Manual Svo Order vs. Electronic Disc Add'l
							Nonre	urring	Nonrecur.	Disconn	9		0	SS Rates(\$)		
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
JNBUNDI ED	D LOCAL EXCHANGE SWITCHING(PORTS)															
Exchan	nge Ports															
NOTE: A	Although the Port Rate includes all available features in GA,	KY, L	A & TI	N, the desi	red feature	s will nee	d to be or	dered usi	ng retail US	OCs						
2-WIRE	VOICE GRADE LINE PORT RATES (RES)															
Te	ennessee Area Plus Port without Caller ID capability			UEPSR	UEPRR	1.89	9.93	9.19	3.66	2.92			20.35	10.54	13.32	1.4
	ennessee Extended Local Dialing Port without Caller ID	1 T			UEPWN											
	apability ow Usage Line Port without Caller ID capability	<del>                                     </del>		UEPSR UEPSR	UEPRT	1.89 1.89	9.93 9.93	9.19 9.19	3.66 3.66	2.92			20.35	10.54 10.54	13.32 13.32	1.4
LC	ow Usage Line Port without Caller ID capability			UEPSK	UEPRI	1.89	9.93	9.19	3.00	2.92			20.35	10.54	13.32	1.4
2-WIRE	VOICE GRADE LINE PORT RATES (BUS)															
ca	ennessee Extended Local Dialing Port without Caller ID apability			UEPSB	UEPWO	1.89	9.93	9.19	3.66	2.92			20.35	10.54	13.32	1.4
PI	ennessee (BUS) inward Collierville and Memphis Local Calling lan			UEPSB	UEPB2	1.89	9.93	9.19	3.66	2.92			20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
	ennessee (BUS) 2-Way Collierville and Memphis Local Calling lan			UEPSB	UEPB3	1.89	9.93	9.19	3.66	2.92			20.35	10.54	13.32	1.4
In	ncoming Only without Caller ID capability			UEPSB	UEPBE	1.89	9.93	9.19	3.66	2.92			20.35	10.54	13.32	1.4
EXCHA	NGE PORT RATES (DID & PBX)															
PI	BX Trunk Combination, Collierville and Memphis Local Calling lan			UEPSP	UEPA6	1.79	9.93	9.19	3.66	2.92			20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
	BX 2-Way Combo First Trunk Collierville and Memphis Local alling Plan			UEPSP	UEPA7	1.79	9.93	9.19	3.66	2.92			20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
NBUNDLED	PORT/LOOP COMBINATIONS - COST BASED RA	TES														
. 0	acced Dates are applied where Dellaceth is securiced by ECO and	/or Ct -	to C-		do to comid	a Habiira ''	od   0! 0	vitobie e c	Switch De							
	ased Rates are applied where BellSouth is required by FCC and/ es shall apply to the Unbundled Port/Loop Combination - Cost Ba										Port sec	tion of this	Rate Exhibit			
	fice and Tandem Switching Usage and Common Transport Usage															
> The first	st and additional Port nonrecurring charges apply to Not Currentl ring - Currently Combined sections. Additional NRCs may apply	y Con	nbined	Combos.	For Current	ly Combin										
				3		ĺ										
		H														

NBUNDLI	ED NETWORK ELEMENTS - Tennessee					•					Svc		Attachr			ele 1
ATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Inte rim	Zone	ne BCS	USOC	RATES(\$)						Svc Order Submitt ed Manually per LSR	Order vs.	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'l	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incrementa Charge - Manual Svo Order vs. Electronic Disc Add'l
							Nonrecurring Nonrecur. Disconn					OSS Rates(\$)				
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
2-WIF	 RE VOICE GRADE LOOP WITH 2-WIRE LINE PORT (F	ES)														
2-Wire	Voice Grade Line Port Rates (Res)															
2-11110	Tennessee Area Plus Port without Caller ID capability			UEPRX	UEPRR	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
_	Tennessee Extended Local Dialing Port without Caller ID			OLITOR		1.70	22.17	10.20	0.43	0.01			30.03	7.00		
	capability			UEPRX	UEPWN	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
	Low Usage Line Port without Caller ID capability			UEPRX	UEPRT	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
2-WIF	RE VOICE GRADE LOOP WITH 2-WIRE LINE PORT (E	SUS)														
	(-															
2-Wire	Voice Grade Line Port (Bus)															
	Tennessee Extended Local Dialing Port without Caller ID capability			UEPBX	UEPWO	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
	Tennessee (BUS) inward Collierville and Memphis Local Calling Plan			UEPBX	UEPB2	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
	Tennessee (BUS) 2-Way Collierville and Memphis Local Calling Plan			UEPBX	UEPB3	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
	Incoming Only without Caller ID capability			UEPBX	UEPBE	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
2-WIF	RE VOICE GRADE LOOP WITH 2-WIRE LINE PORT (E	BUS	- PBX	)												
2-Wire	Voice Grade Line Port Rates (BUS - PBX)															
	PBX Trunk Combination, Collierville and Memphis Local Calling Plan			UEPPX	UEPA6	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
	PBX 2-Way Combo First Trunk Collierville and Memphis Local Calling Plan			UEPPX	UEPA7	1.70	22.14	15.25	8.45	3.91			30.89	7.03		
יום ואיף י	ED PORT LOOP COMBINATIONS - MARKET RATES															
ADOIADE	ED FORT LOOP COMBINATIONS - MARKET RATES															
	ket Rates shall apply where BellSouth is not required to provide unb										•	•	•			
	cludes unbundled port/loop combinations that are Currently Combin															
	Top 8 MSAs in BellSouth's region are: FL (Orlando, Ft. Lauderdale South currently is developing the billing capability to mechanically be														Il the rates in	
	st-Based section preceding in lieu of the Market Rates and reserve						03 111 11115 5	COUOH. III	ano inteninti v	ALIGIE DEII	Coulii cai	IIIO DIII IVI	antot Itales, De	mooutii siidii D	iii iiilo Talos III	
> The	Market Rate for unbundled ports includes all available features in a	ll sta	tes.		Ŭ											
> End	Office and Tandem Switching Usage and Common Transport Usag	e rate	es in the	e Port sect	ion of this ra	ate exhibit	shall apply	to all comb	oinations of I	oop/port r	network e	ements ex	cept for UNE (	Coin Port/Loop	Combinations	

UNBUNDLE	D NETWORK ELEMENTS - Tennessee												Attachr	ment: 1	Tak	ole 1
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Inte rim	Zone	one BCS	USOC	RATES(\$)					Svc Order Submit ted Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitt ed Manually per LSR	Charge -	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'l	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incrementa Charge - Manual Svo Order vs. Electronic- Disc Add'l
							Nonred	curring	Nonrecur	. Disconn	6	L.	0:	SS Rates(\$)	•	
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
charges	Not Currently Combined scenarios where Market Rates apply, the Is are listed in the NRC - Currently Combined section. Additional N	RCs	may ap					al NRC col	umns for ea	ach Port U	SOC. For	r Currently	Combined sce	narios, the No	nrecurring	
	,															
	Voice Grade Line Port (Res) Tennessee Area Plus Port without Caller ID capability			UEPRX	UEPRR	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		
	Tennessee Extended Local Dialing Port without Caller ID capability Capability			UEPRX	UEPWN	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		
	Low Usage Line Port without Caller ID capability			UEPRX	UEPRT	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		
2-WIR	RE VOICE GRADE LOOP WITH 2-WIRE LINE PORT (E	SUS)														
2-Wire	Voice Grade Line Port (Bus)															
	Tennessee Extended Local Dialing Port without Caller ID capability			UEPBX	UEPWO	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		
	Tennessee (BUS) inward Collierville and Memphis Local Calling Plan			UEPBX	UEPB2	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		
	Tennessee (BUS) 2-Way Collierville and Memphis Local Calling Plan			UEPBX	UEPB3	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		
	Incoming Only without Caller ID capability			UEPBX	UEPBE	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		
2-WIR	RE VOICE GRADE LOOP WITH 2-WIRE LINE PORT (E	BUS	- PBX)	)												
2-Wire	Voice Grade Line Port Rates (BUS - PBX)											-				
	Plan			UEPPX	UEPA6	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		
	PBX 2-Way Combo First Trunk Collierville and Memphis Local Calling Plan			UEPPX	UEPA7	14.00	90.00	90.00					30.89	7.03		

## **AMENDMENT**

### TO

# MCIM/BELLSOUTH INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT DATED JUNE 17, 2002

Pursuant to this Amendment to MCIm/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement (the "Amendment"), for the state of Tennessee, MCImetro Access Transmission Services, L.L.C. ("MCIm") and BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. ("BellSouth"), hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Parties," hereby agree to amend the MCIm/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement dated June 17, 2002 ("Interconnection Agreement").

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, MCIm and BellSouth hereby covenant and agree as follows:

- 1. Attachment 3, subsection 2.4.6 is created to read:
  - 2.4.6 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, MCIm may request that BellSouth provide Atypical Combinations of unbundled Network Elements. Atypical Combinations are combinations of such network elements that are neither Existing Combinations nor Typical Combinations as these terms are defined above, in this Section. In compliance with FCC Rule 51.315(d), requests for Atypical Combinations of unbundled Network Elements are available through the Bona Fide Request process as set forth in Exhibit 1, Part A of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement. Rates for Atypical Combinations of unbundled Network Elements shall be negotiated pursuant to Section 1.4 of Attachment 1 and the Bona Fide Request process.
- 2. Attachment 3, subsection 2.11 is hereby deleted in its entirety, and replaced with the following:
  - 2.11 BellSouth shall offer each Network Element individually and, at MCIm's request, shall offer Existing Combinations, Typical Combinations, and, pursuant to subsection 2.4.6, Atypical Combinations. MCIm may order Network Elements individually and combine them itself into other combinations. BellSouth shall not require MCIm to combine Network Elements. BellSouth shall not require MCIm to own or control any local exchange facilities as a condition of offering to MCIm any Network Element or combination.
- 3. All of the other provisions of the Agreement, dated June 17, 2002, shall remain in full force and effect.
- 4. Either or both of the Parties are authorized to submit this Amendment to the respective state regulatory authorities for approval subject to Section 252(e) of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996.

5. This Amendment is intended to incorporate the decision of the United States Supreme Court in *Verizon vs. FCC*, 122 S.Ct. 1646, (May 13, 2002), and any action resulting from the court's remand to the 8<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court of Appeals, regarding the effect of such decision and action on MCIm's purchase of new combinations of loop and transport. By executing this Amendment MCIm is not waiving its right to seek additional amendments to the Interconnection Agreement, incorporating said decision.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be executed by their respective duly authorized representatives on the date indicated below.

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	MCImetro Access Transmission Services, L.L.C.
BY: Signature on File	BY: Signature on File
NAME: Pat Finlen	NAME: C. A. Benson for Marcel Henry
TITLE: Assistant Director	TITLE: Vice President
DATE: September 27, 2002	DATE: September 25, 2002

## **AMENDMENT** TO THE

## AGREEMENT BETWEEN

## MCIMETRO ACCESS TRANSMISSION SERVICES LLC AND

## BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. **DATED JUNE 17, 2002**

Pursuant to this Amendment, (the "Amendment"), MCImetro Access Transmission Services LLC ("MCIm"), and BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. ("BellSouth"), hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Parties," hereby agree to amend that certain Interconnection Agreement between the Parties dated June 17, 2002 ("Agreement") and shall be deemed effective as of thirty (30) calendar days after the date of the final signature on this document.

WHEREAS, BellSouth and MCIm entered into the Agreement on June 17, 2002, and;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereby covenant and agree as follows:

- The Parties desire to amend the Interconnection Agreement by adding the UNE Service 1. Advancement Date Charge contained in Exhibit 1 to Attachment 1 Table 1;
- The Parties desire to amend The General Terms and Conditions Part A, Section 13, to 2. change the MCIm contact information as follows:

### MCImetro Access Transmission Services LLC

MCI WorldCom, Inc. 5055 Northpoint Parkway Alpharetta, GA 30022

Attn: Vice President, National Contract & Carrier Management

Copy to:

Vice President & Chief Network Counsel WorldCom. Inc. 1133 19<sup>th</sup> Street Washington, DC 20036

Senior Manager Carrier Agreements MCI WorldCom, Inc. 205 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, IL 60601

Commercial Counsel MCI WorldCom, Inc. 5055 Northpoint Parkway Alpharetta, GA 30022

3. All of the other provisions of the Agreement, dated June 17, 2002, shall remain in full force and effect.

4. Either or both of the Parties is authorized to submit this Amendment to the respective state regulatory authorities for approval subject to Section 252(e) of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be executed by their respective duly authorized representatives on the date indicated below.

MCImetro Access Transmission Services LLC	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
By: <u>Original on File</u>	By: Original on File
Name: Marcel Henry	Name: Elizabeth R. A. Shiroishi
Title: _Vice-President, National	Title: Director
Contract and Carrier Management Date:3/4/03	Date: 3/7/03

NET	NETWORK ELEMENTS - Tennessee Attachment:1 Tabit															le: 1		
													Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
CATEGORY					Zone	BCS								Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
			RATE ELEMENTS											Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
		RY		Interim			USOC							per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
															Electronic-1st	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
								İ								Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
_																		
								Rec	Nonred							Rates(\$)		
								Kec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
UNE	UNE SERVICE DATE ADVANCEMENT CHARGE																	
NOTE: The Expedite charge will be maintained commensurate with BellSouth's FCC No.1 Tariff, Section 5 as applicable																		
			UNE Expedite Charge per Circuit or Line Assignable USOC, per															
			Day			ALL UNE	SDASP		200.00									